—, ID ——

MTH 111 Math for Architects Spring 2016, 1–1

Quiz I MTH 111, Spring 2016

Ayman Badawi

QUESTION 1. 1. Given $f_1 = (2, -3)$, $f_2 = (2, 1)$ are the foci of an ellipse and k = 10 is the ellipse constant. Find the equation of the ellipse. Find all 4 vertices. Find the length of the major axis and the length of the minor axis. Sketch a rough graph of such ellipse.

2. Let $y = -3x^2 + 12x - 9$. Find the focus, vertex, and the directrix line. Sketch a rough graph of such parabola.

Faculty information

Ayman Badawi, Department of Mathematics & Statistics, American University of Sharjah, P.O. Box 26666, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates. E-mail: abadawi@aus.edu, www.ayman-badawi.com

--, ID -----

© copyright Ayman Badawi 2016

MTH 111 Math for Architects Spring 2016, 1–1

Quiz II MTH 111, Spring 2016

Ayman Badawi

QUESTION 1. Given
$$\frac{(x+2)^2}{36} - \frac{y^2}{13} = 1$$
.

(i) Sketch (roughly) the graph of the above equation.

(ii) The center C =

(iii) The vertices : $V_1 = V_2 =$

(iv) The foci : $F_1 = F_2 =$

- (v) The Hyperbola constant, K =
- (vi) Let Q be a point on the curve. Then $||QF_1| |QF_2|| =$

(vii) The asymptotes: y =

and y =

Quiz III MTH 111, Spring 2016

Ayman Badawi

QUESTION 1. • Let V be a vector with initial point (-4, 2) and terminal point (-1, 6). Then

V =

|V| =

• Given $V = \langle -2, 1 \rangle$ is a vector with terminal point (-4, 8). Then

-, ID -

Initial point =

|V| =

• Let $V = \langle -4, 3 \rangle$ and $U = \langle 5, 12 \rangle$ are two vectors with the same initial point. Then

The angle between them is =

• Let $V = \langle -4, 3 \rangle$ and $U = \langle 5, 12 \rangle$ are two vectors such that the terminal point of V equals the initial point of U. Then

Find the angle between them is =

Faculty information

Ayman Badawi, Department of Mathematics & Statistics, American University of Sharjah, P.O. Box 26666, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates. E-mail: abadawi@aus.edu, www.ayman-badawi.com

–, ID —

Quiz IV MTH 111, Spring 2016

Ayman Badawi

QUESTION 1. (i) Given v = <1, 2 >, u = <3, 5 > are two vectors with the same initial point. Then

a) $Proj_u^v =$

b) $|Proj_u^v| =$

c) Find $|rej_u^v|$ (where rej_u^v is the rejection of v on u).

(ii) Given Q = (2, 3) is a point not lying on the line L : 3y = -4x + 9. Then The distance between Q and L, |QL| =

(iii) Given u = <4,3> and v are two vectors with the same initial point such that $rej_v^u = <0,3>$ and |v| = 16. THEN Vector v = (there are two possible answers, just give me one possibility)

Quiz V MTH 111, Spring 2016

Ayman Badawi

QUESTION 1. (i) Given (1, -1, 2) and (2, -3, 8) are two point on a line L. What are the parametric equations of L?

(ii) Given Q = (2, 3, -4) lies on a line L such that v = <3, 6, -8 > is a directing vector of L. What are the parametric equations of L?

(iii) Which of the points: (5, -4, -2), (-1, -7, -8) lie on the line L : x = 3 + 2t, y = -5 + t, z = 4t?

(iv) Find the angle between v = < -1, 2, 2 > and u = < 2, -1, 2 > if the terminal point of v is equal to the initial point of u

Quiz VI: MTH 111, Spring 2016

Ayman Badawi

QUESTION 1. (i) Let $L_1 : x = 3 + 2t, y = -2 - 2t, z = 1 - 4t$ and $L_2 : x = 3 + i, y = -14 + 2i, z = 1 - 2i$. The intersection point of L_1 with L_2 is

(ii) Find the equation of the plane that contains the points (1, 1, 1), (-1, 2, 1), (-1, 2, 6).

(iii) The line L : x = 3 + 2t, y = -4t, z = 1 + 2t intersects the plane x - 2y + z = 10 in exactly one point, say Q. Then Q =

Quiz VII MTH 111, Spring 2016

Ayman Badawi

QUESTION 1. (i) Given F'(4) = 32 and $y(x) = F(\frac{1}{x})$ and k(x) = F(5x - 1). Find

a. $y'(\frac{1}{4})$.

b. k'(1)

(ii) Let $Q_1 = (4,2), Q_2 = (0,0)$. Find a point on the line y = -1, say Q, such that $|Q_1Q| + |QQ_2|$ is minimum.

Ayman Badawi, Department of Mathematics & Statistics, American University of Sharjah, P.O. Box 26666, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates. E-mail: abadawi@aus.edu, www.ayman-badawi.com

Quiz 8 MTH 111, Spring 2016

Ayman Badawi

QUESTION 1. (i) Let $y = 3e^{(x^2+2x+1)} + 7x$. Then y' =

(ii) Let $y = ln\left(\frac{(3x+2)^4}{(4x+1)^3}\right)$,

y' =

(iii) Let f(x) = x³ - 3x + 1.
a) Find the critical values of f(x).

b) For what values of x does f(x) decrease?

c) For what value of x does f(x) have minimum value?

(iv) Sketch $y = -2e^{(2x-4)} + 4$